Industries in tribal areas

838. SHRI YALLA SESI BHUSHANA RAO: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether any industries are located in the tribal areas of the country;

(b) if so, what are the names of such industries and the places at which they are located; and

(c) what is the number of Scheduled Tribe persons employed in such industrial units ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) to (c) The information regarding industries located in different regions of the country including tribal areas and the number of Scheduled Tribe candidates employed in such industries is not being maintained centrally in the Secretariat for Industrial Approvals in the Ministry of Industry. Secretariat for Industrial Approvals is maintaining information only about letters of intent and industrial licences being issued under the provisions of the Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, for setting up various types of industries. Separate statistics on letters of intent/industrial licences issued specifically for tribal areas are, however, not maintained. The details, such as name and address of the undertaking, location including the name of the district, item of manufacture involved and capacity etc., in respect of letters of intent . and industrial licences issued are being published regularly by the Indian Investment Centre in their 'Monthly Newsletter'. Copies of this publication are being sent to the Parliament Library regularly.

Curbing use of spurious spare parts

839. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to -6tate:

(a) whether Government propose to -curb the increasing menace of spurious spare parts being used in various industries; and

(b) if so, what are the details of the proposal ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) and (b) The Government have enacted various laws such as the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, the Monopolies & Restrictive Trade Practices Act, the Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, which provide for penal action against offences such as falsification of trade marks, false application of trade marks to goods, selling goods to which a false trade mark or false trade description is applied, improper use or colourable imitation of the Bureau of Indian Standards Certification Mark, etc. The Consumer Protection Act, 1986 also aims at protecting consumer against unfair trade practices. In order to curb the sale of spurious automobile spare parts, auto ancillary industry has been delicensed as a result of which availability of quality components in the market is expected to increase. The policy of liberalisation which would stimulate competition and increase the availability of quality components in the market, is also expected to curb the sale of spurious spare parts being used in various industries.

Sheet glass factory in A. P.

840. SHRI GOPALA RAO RAO: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have refused permission to set up a sheet glass factory at Mahboobnagar, Andhra Pradesh; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHA-i LAM): (a) No application for grant of I letter of intent for setting up a sheet glass | factory at Mahboobnagar, Andhra Pradesh, bas been rejected from 1982 onwards.

(b) Does not arise.